

# کنترل پیش بین

# Model Predictive Control

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# MPC



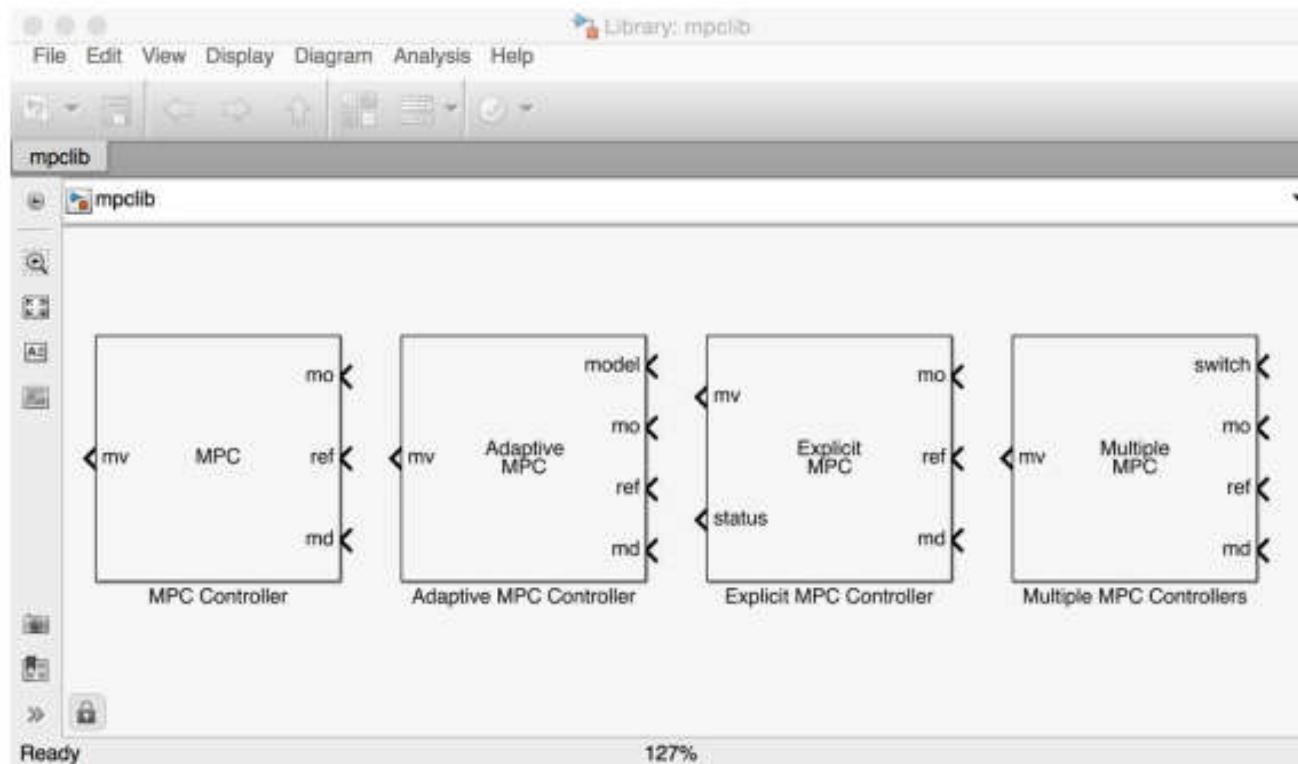
## ❑ Model Predictive Control Toolbox

- ❑ Several linear MPC design features available:
  - ❑ explicit MPC
  - ❑ time-varying/adaptive models, weights, constraints
  - ❑ stability/frequency analysis of closed-loop (inactive constraints)
- ❑ Graphical User Interface
- ❑ Simulink library
- ❑ Yalmip Example

# MPC simulink



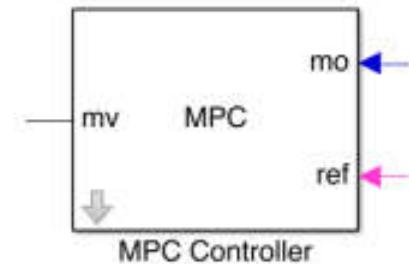
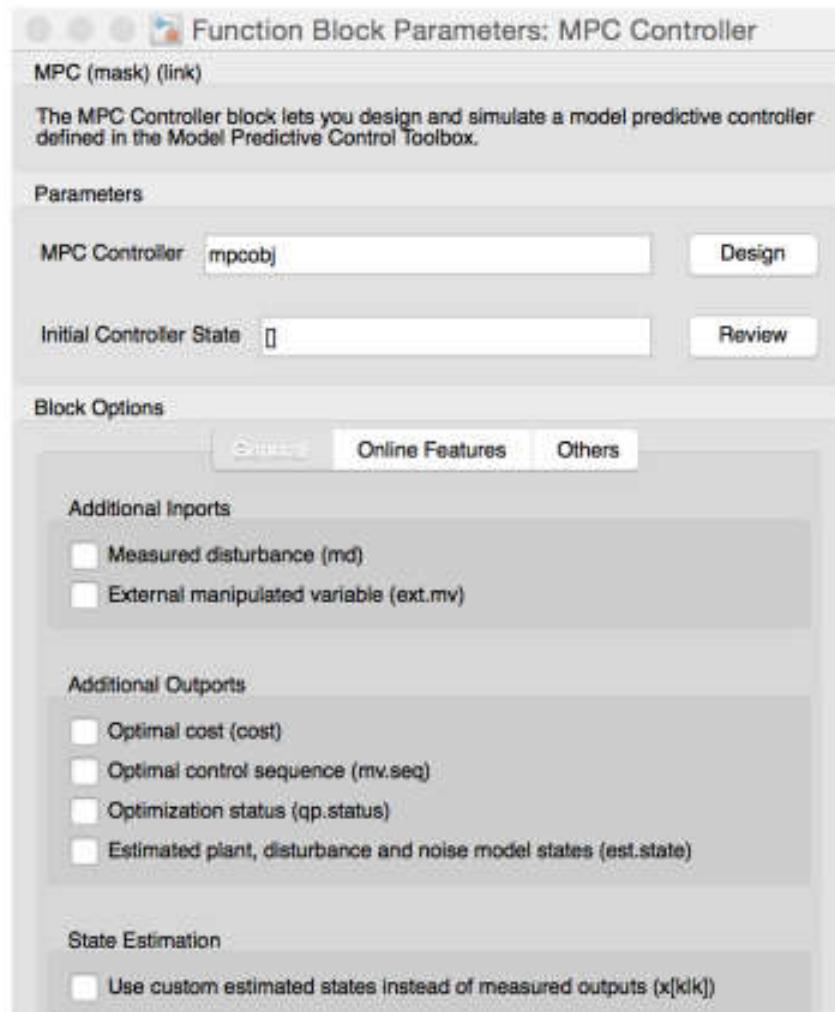
## MPC Simulink Library



>> mpclib

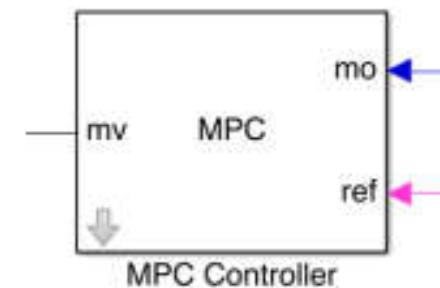
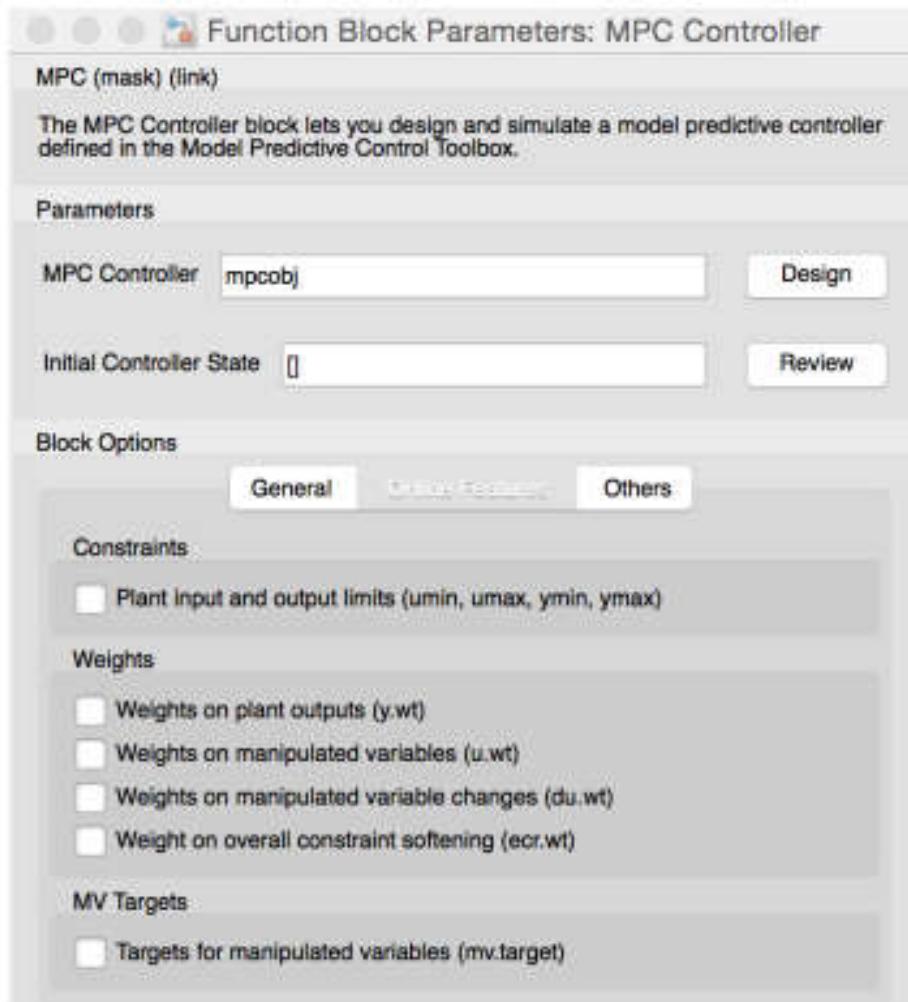
# MPC simulink

## MPC Simulink Library



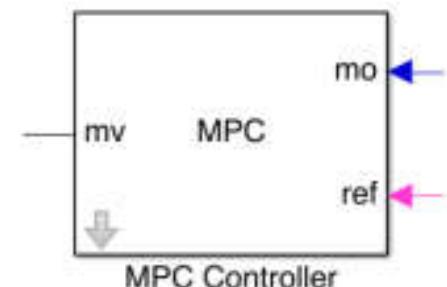
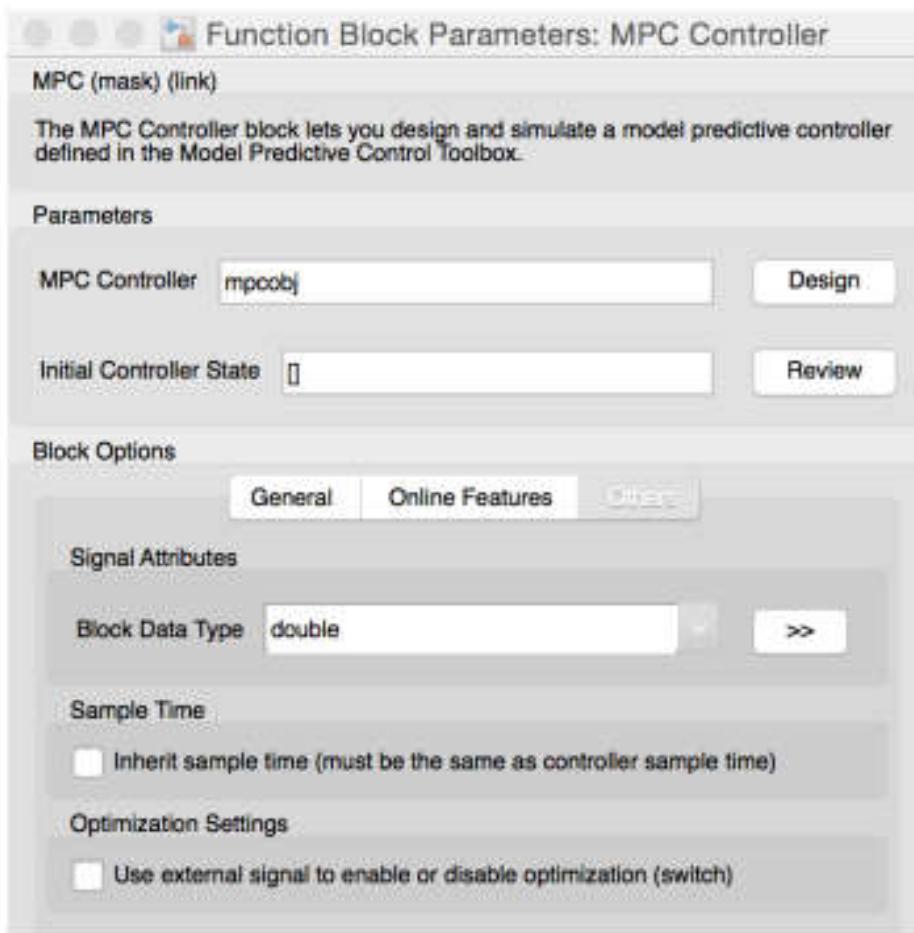
# MPC simulink

## MPC Simulink Library



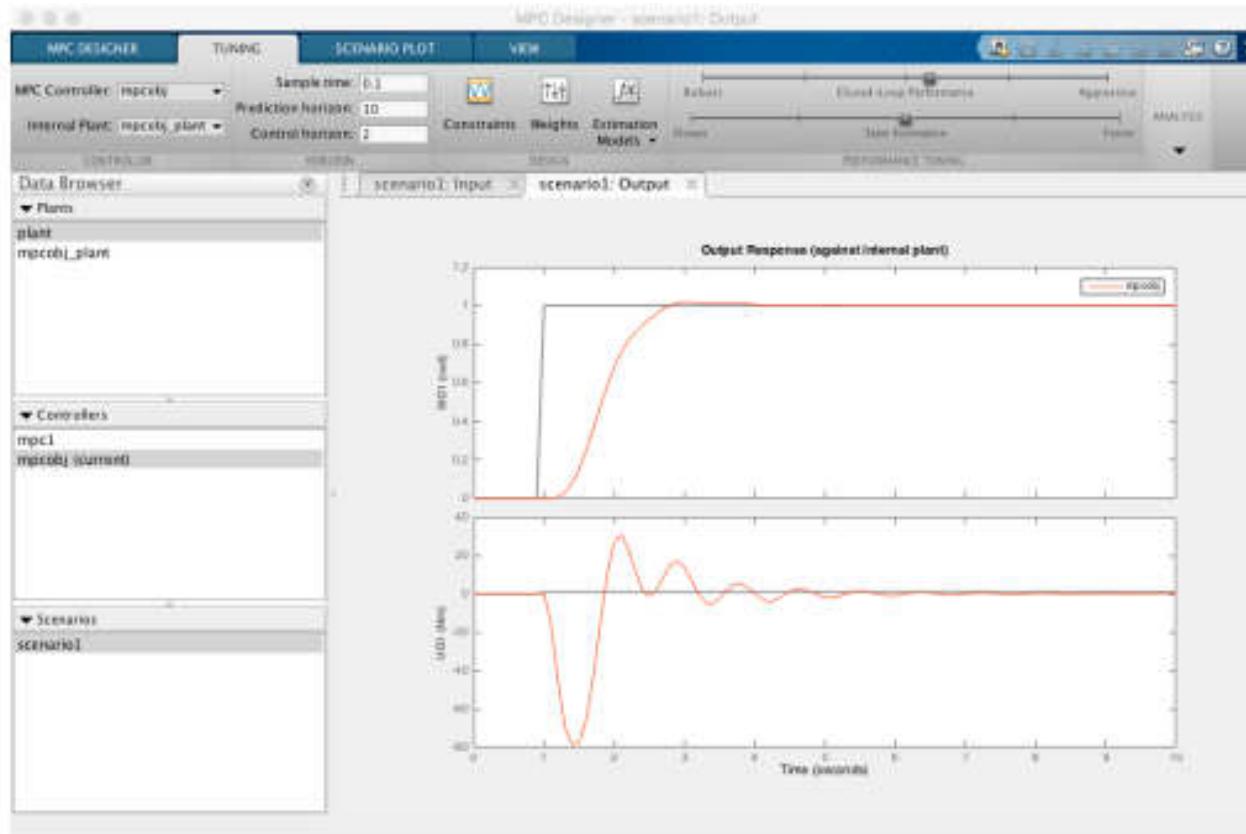
# MPC simulink

## MPC Simulink Library



# MPC simulink

## MPC Graphical User Interface



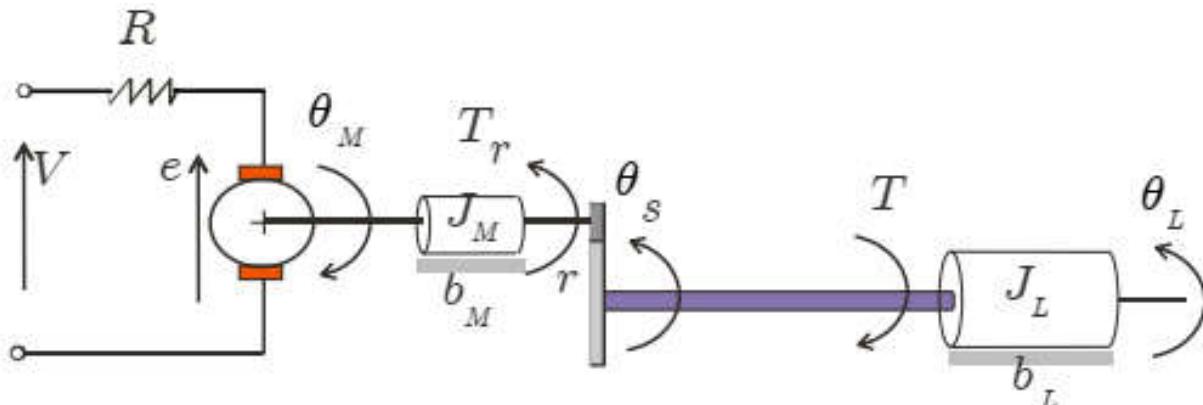
>> mpcDesigner

(old version: >> mpctool)

# MPC simulink



Example:



Symbol	Value (MKS)	Meaning
$L_S$	1.0	shaft length
$d_S$	0.02	shaft diameter
$J_S$	negligible	shaft inertia
$J_M$	0.5	motor inertia
$\beta_M$	0.1	motor viscous friction coefficient
$R$	20	resistance of armature
$k_T$	10	motor constant
$\rho$	20	gear ratio
$k_\theta$	1280.2	torsional rigidity
$J_L$	$50J_M$	nominal load inertia
$\beta_L$	25	load viscous friction coefficient
$T_s$	0.1	sampling time

`>> mpcmotor`

see also  
`linear/dcmotor.m`  
(Hybrid Toolbox)

# MPC simulink



Example:

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{x} &= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{k_\theta}{J_L} & -\frac{\beta_L}{J_L} & \frac{k_\theta}{\rho J_L} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} x + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \frac{k_T}{R J_M} \end{bmatrix} V \\ \theta_L &= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{k_\theta}{\rho J_M} & 0 & -\frac{k_\theta}{\rho^2 J_M} & -\frac{\beta_M + k_T^2/R}{J_M} \end{bmatrix} \\ T &= \begin{bmatrix} k_\theta & 0 & -\frac{k_\theta}{\rho} & 0 \end{bmatrix} x\end{aligned}$$
$$x = \begin{bmatrix} \theta_L \\ \dot{\theta}_L \\ \theta_M \\ \dot{\theta}_M \end{bmatrix}$$
$$y = \begin{bmatrix} \theta_L \\ T \end{bmatrix}$$

```
>> [plant, tau] = mpcmotormodel;
>> plant = setmpcsignals(plant, 'MV', 1, 'MO', 1, 'UO', 2);
```

# MPC simulink



## Example:

- The input DC voltage  $V$  is bounded withing the range

$$|V| \leq 220 V$$

- Finite shear strength  $\tau_{adm} = 50 N/mm^2$  requires that the torsional torque  $T$  satisfies the constraint

$$|T| \leq 78.5398 Nm$$

- Sampling time of model/controller:  $T_s = 0.1s$

```
>> MV = struct('Min',-220,'Max',220);
>> OV = struct('Min',{-Inf,-78.5398},'Max',{Inf,78.5398});
>> Ts = 0.1;
```

# MPC simulink



## Example:

$$\min_{\Delta U} \quad \sum_{k=0}^{p-1} \|W^y(y_{k+1} - r(t))\|^2 + \|W^{\Delta u} \Delta u_k\|^2 + \rho_\epsilon \epsilon^2$$

$$\text{subj. to} \quad \Delta u_{\min} \leq \Delta u_k \leq \Delta u_{\max}, \quad k = 0, \dots, m-1$$

$$\Delta u_k = 0, \quad k = m, \dots, p-1$$

$$u_{\min} \leq u_k \leq u_{\max}, \quad k = 0, \dots, m-1$$

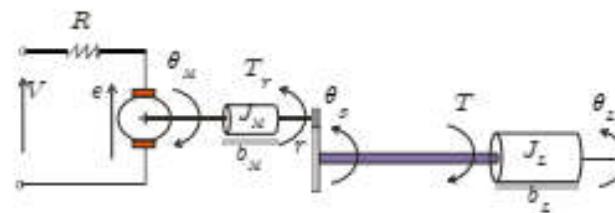
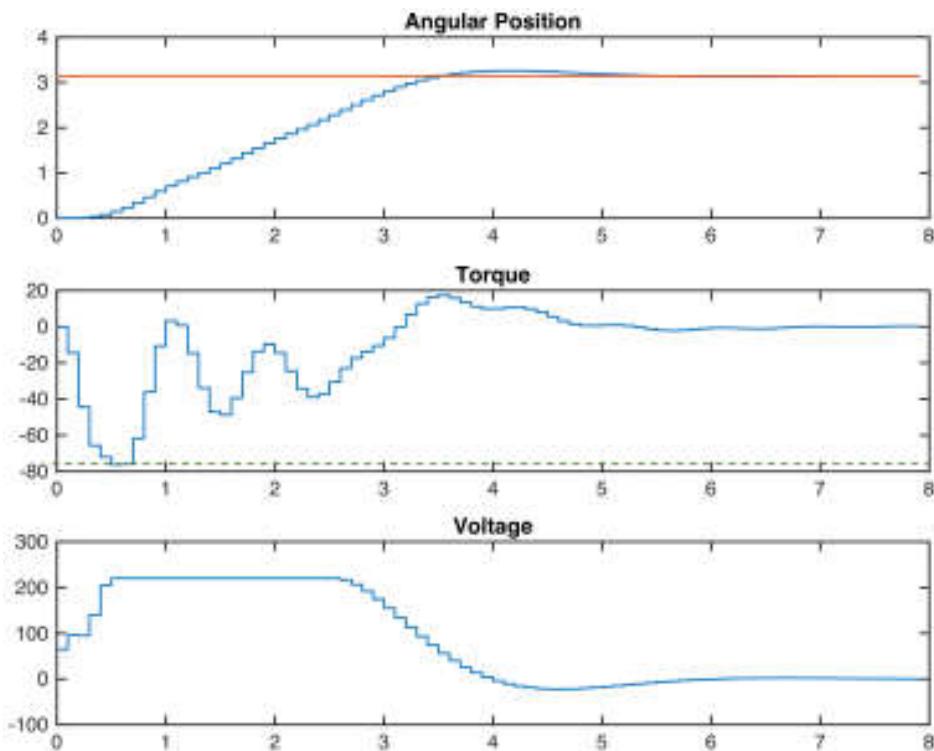
$$y_{\min} - \epsilon V_{\min} \leq y_k \leq y_{\max} + \epsilon V_{\max}, \quad k = 1, \dots, p$$

```
>> Weights = struct('MV',0,'MVRate',0.1,'OV',[0.1 0]);
>> p = 10;
>> m = 2;
>> mpcobj = mpc(plant,Ts,p,m,Weights,MV,OV);
```

# MPC simulink



## Example:



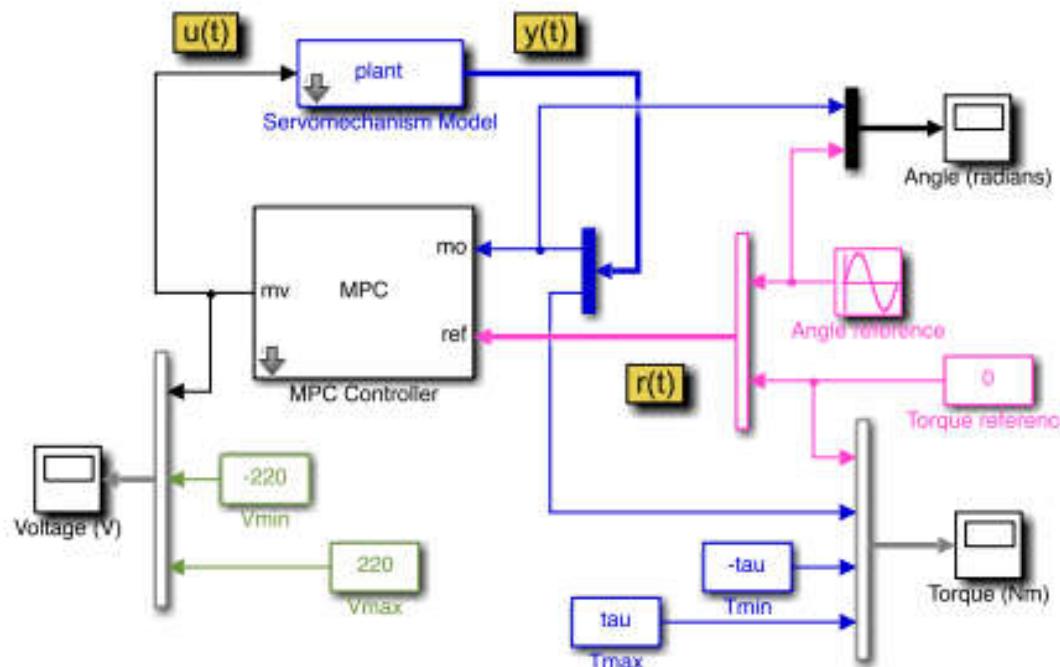
Closed-loop simulation using  
the **sim** command

```
>> Tstop = 8; % seconds
>> Tf = round(Tstop/Ts); % simulation iterations
>> r = [pi*ones(Tf,1) zeros(Tf,1)];
>> [y1,t1,u1] = sim(mpcobj,Tf,r);
```

# MPC simulink



Example:



Closed-loop  
simulation in  
Simulink

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```
>> mdl = 'mpc_motor';
>> open_system(mdl)
>> sim(mdl)
```